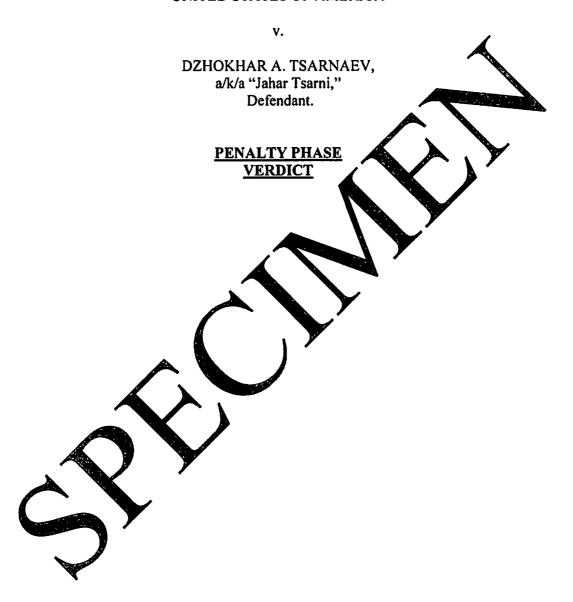
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

CRIMINAL NO. 13-10200-GAO

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA



SECTION I. AGE OF DEFENDANT

General directions for Section I:

• As used in this section, the term "capital counts" refers to:

Count One (1): Conspiracy to use a weapon of mass destruction resulting in death of Krystle Marie Campbell, Officer Sean Collier, Lingzi Lu, and Martin Richard

Count Two (2): Use of a weapon of mass destruction (Pressure Cooker Bond #1) on or about April 15, 2013, in the vicinity of 671 Boylston Street in Boston, Massachusetts, and aiding and abetting, resulting in death of Krystle Marie Campbell

Count Three (3): Possession or use of a firearm (Pressure Cooker Bomb #1) during and in relation to a crime of violence, namely, use of a weapont of mass destruction as in Count Two of this section, and aiding and abetting, resulting in death of Krystle Marie Campbell

Count Four (4): Use of a weapon of mass destruction (Pressure Cooker Bomb #2) on or about April 15, 2013, in the vicinity of 75 fleathston Street in Boston, Massachusetts, and aiding and abetting, resulting in deaths of Lingzi Bulant Martin Richard

Count Five (5): Possession or use of a Moarm (Pressure Cooker Bomb #2) during and in relation to a crime of violence, namely, use of a weapon of mass destruction as in Count Four of this section, and aiding and abetting, usualting in deaths of Lingzi Lu and Martin Richard

Count Six (6): Conspiracy to bomb a place of public use, resulting in deaths of Krystle Marie Campbell Officer can Collier, Lingzi Lu, and Martin Richard

Count Seven (A): Bombing of a place of public use (Pressure Cooker Bomb #1) on or about April 15, 2013, in the vicinity of 671 Boylston Street, Boston, Massachusetts, and aiding and betting, resulting in death of Krystle Marie Campbell

Count Eight (S) Rossession or use of a firearm (Pressure Cooker Bomb #1) during and in relation to a cripie of violence, namely, the bombing of a place of public use as in Count Seven of this section, and aiding and abetting, resulting in death of Krystle Marie Campbell

Count Nine (9): Bombing of a place of public use (Pressure Cooker Bomb #2) on or about April 15, 2013, in the vicinity of 755 Boylston Street, Boston, Massachusetts, and aiding and abetting, resulting in deaths of Lingzi Lu and Martin Richard

Count Ten (10): Possession or use of a firearm (Pressure Cooker Bomb #2) during and in relation to a crime of violence, namely, the bombing of a place of public use as in Count

Nine of this section, and aiding and abetting, resulting in deaths of Lingzi Lu and Martin Richard

Count Twelve (12): Malicious destruction of property by means of an explosive (Pressure Cooker Bomb #1) on or about April 15, 2013, in the vicinity of 671 Boylston Street in Boston, Massachusetts, and aiding and abetting, resulting in death of Krystle Marie Campbell

Count Thirteen (13): Possession or use of a firearm (Pressure Cooker Bomb #1) during and in relation to a crime of violence, namely, the malicious destruction of property as in Count Twelve of this section, and aiding and abetting, resulting in death of Krystle Marie Campbell

Count Fourteen (14): Malicious destruction of property by means of an explosive (Pressure Cooker Bomb #2) on or about April 15, 2013 in the vininity of \$55 Boylston Street in Boston, Massachusetts, and aiding and abetting, resulting in deaths of Lingzi Lu and Martin Richard

Count Fifteen (15): Possession or use of a firearm (Pressure Cooker Bomb #2) during and in relation to a crime of violence, namely implicious restruction of property as in Count Fourteen of this section, and aiding and abouting, resulting in deaths of Lingzi Lu and Martin Richard

Count Sixteen (16): Possession of use of a firearm (Ruger P95 9mm semiautomatic handgun) on or about April 18, 2013, during and in relation to a crime of violence, namely, conspiracy to use a weapon of mass destruction as in Count One of this section, and aiding and abetting resulting in death of Officer Sean Collier

Count Seventeen (17): Possession or use of a firearm (Ruger P95 9mm semiautomatic handgun) on or about April 13, 2013, during and in relation to a crime of violence, namely, conspiracy to bomb a place of public use as in Count Six of this section, and aiding and abetting, resulting in death of Officer Sean Collier

Count Eighteen (18): Possession or use of a firearm (Ruger P95 9mm semiautomatic handgun) on a about April 18, 2013, during and in relation to a crime of violence, namely, conspiracy to maliciously destroy property, and aiding and abetting, resulting in death of Officer Sean Collier

• In this section, please indicate whether you unanimously find the government has established beyond a reasonable doubt that the defendant, Dzhokhar Tsarnaev, was eighteen (18) years of age or older at the time of the offense charged under the particular capital count. You must mark one of the responses.

1.	Dzhokhar Tsarnaev was eighteen (18) years of age or older at the time of the offense charged under the particular capital count.
	We unanimously find that this has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to all of the capital counts.
	We do not unanimously find that this has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to any of the capital counts.
	We unanimously find that this has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt only with regard to the following capital counts. Identify each count by count number.

- For each capital count, if you do not unanimously find the government has proven beyond a reasonable doubt the defendant was eighteen years of age or older at the time of the offense charged under the particular capital count, then your deliberations are over as to that count.
- If there is no capital count for which you unanimously find the government has proven beyond a reasonable doubt the defendant was eighteen years of age or older at the time of the offense, skip forward to Section VII and complete that section in accordance with the directions there. Then notify the Court that you have completed your deliberations.
- Was eighteen years of age or older at the time of the offense charged with regard to one or more capital counts, continue on to Section II.

SECTION II. GATEWAY FACTORS

General directions for Section II:

- As used in this section, the term "capital count(s)" refers only to those counts for which you found the defendant was eighteen years of age or older at the time of the offense charged under the particular count in Section I. Do not consider gateway factors in this section with regard to any counts for which you have not found the defendant was eighteen years of age or older at the time of the offense charged under the count in Section I.
- In this section, please indicate which, if any, of the following gateway factors you unanimously find the government has proven beyond a reasonable doubt. For each of the four gateway factors listed below, you must mark out of the responses.

	four gateway factors listed below, you must mark an whithe responses.
1.	Dzhokhar Tsarnaev intentionally killed the victim or victims of the particular capital count you are considering.
	We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to all of the applicable capital counts.
	We do not manimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to any of the applicable capital counts.
	We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable aoubt only with regard to the following capital counts. <i>Identify each count by count number</i> .
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2.	Dzhokhar Tsarnaev intentionally inflicted serious bodily injury that resulted in the
	death of the victim or victims of the particular capital count you are considering.
	We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to all of the applicable capital counts.

	We do not unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to any of the applicable capital counts.
	We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt only with regard to the following capital counts. <i>Identify each count by count number</i> .
3.	Dzhokhar Tsarnaev intentionally participated in an act, contemplating that the life of a person would be taken or intending that lethal force would be used in connection with a person, other than one of the participants in the offense, and the victim or victims of the particular capital count you are considering district as a direct result of the act.
	We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to all of the applicable capital counts.
	We do not unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with egard to any of the applicable capital counts.
	We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt only with regard to the following capital counts. <i>Identify each count by count number</i> .
4.	Dzhokhar Tsainaev intentionally and specifically engaged in an act of violence, knowing that the act created a grave risk of death to a person, other than one of the participantally the offense, such that participation in the act constituted a reckless disregard for human life and the victim or victims of the particular capital count you are considering died as a direct result of the act.
	We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to <u>all</u> of the applicable capital counts.
	We do not unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to <u>any</u> of the applicable capital counts.
	We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt only with regard to the following capital counts. <i>Identify each count by count number</i> .

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- For each capital count you are considering in this section, if you do not unanimously find the government has proven beyond a reasonable doubt at least one of the above gateway factors with respect to that count, then your deliberations are over as to that count.
- If there is no capital count for which you unanimously find a gateway factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt, skip forward to Section Will and consolete that section in accordance with the directions there. Then notify the Court that you have completed your deliberations.
- If you have found at least one gatewin factor with regard to one or more capital counts, continue on to Section III.



SECTION III. STATUTORY AGGRAVATING FACTORS

General directions for Section III:

- As used in this section, the term "capital count(s)" refers only to those counts for which you found the defendant was eighteen years of age or older at the time of the offense charged under the count in Section I and at least one gateway factor in Section II. Do not consider statutory aggravating factors in this section with regard to any counts for which you have not found the defendant was eighteen years of again older at the time of the offense charged under the count in Section I and at least one gateway factor in Section II.
- In this section, please indicate which, if any, of the following six (6) statutory aggravating factors you unanimously find the government has proven beyond a reasonable doubt. For each of the six statutory aggravating factors listed below, you must mark one of the responses.
- 1. The death, and injury resulting in death, occurred during the commission and attempted commission of, and during the immediate flight from the commission of, an offense under:
 - a. 18 U.S.C. 3 2332a (up of a weapon of mass destruction) [Applies to all capital sounts]; and/or
 - b. 18 U.S.C. § 844(i) (destruction of property affecting interstate commerce by explosives) [Carly applies to capital counts 1-10 and 12-15.]

We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to <u>all</u> of the applicable capital counts.

We do not unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to any of the applicable capital counts.

We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt only with regard to the following capital counts. *Identify each count by count number*.

2.	Dzhokhar Tsarnaev knowingly created a grave risk of death to one or more persons in addition to the victim of the offense in the commission of the offense and in escaping apprehension for the violation of the offense. [Applies to all capital counts.]			
	We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to all of the applicable capital counts.			
	We do not unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to any of the applicable capital counts.			
	We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt only with regard to the following capital counts, it is the following capital counts by count number.			
3.	Dzhokhar Tsarnaev committed the offense in an especially heinous, cruel and depraved manner in that it involved serious physical abuse to the victim. [Only applies to capital counts 1-10 and 12-15.] We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable			
	doubt with regard to all of the applicable capital counts. We do not unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to any of the applicable capital counts.			
	We unanimously fine-that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt only with regard to the following capital counts. Identify each count by count number.			
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4.	Pzhokhar Tsarnaev committed the offense after substantial planning and premeditation to cause the death of a person and commit an act of terrorism. [Only applicant capital counts 1-10 and 12-15.]			
	We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to all of the applicable capital counts.			
	We do not unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to any of the applicable capital counts.			

	We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt only with regard to the following capital counts. <i>Identify each count by count number</i> .
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Э.	Dzhokhar Tsarnaev intentionally killed and attempted to kill more than one person in a single criminal episode. [Only applies to capital counts 1-10 and 12-15.]
	We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond the sonable doubt with regard to all of the applicable capital counts.
	We do not unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to any of the applicable capital counts.
	We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt only with regard to the following capital counts. Identify each count by count number.
6.	Dzhokhar Tsarnaev is responsible for the death of a victim, Martin Richard, who was particularly vulnerable due to youth. [Only applies to capital counts 1, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 14, and 15.]
	We manimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable double ith regard to all of the applicable capital counts.
	We do not manimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to any of the applicable capital counts.
	W unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt only with regard to the following capital counts. <i>Identify each count by count number</i> .

- For each capital count you are considering in this section, if you do not unanimously find the government has proven beyond a reasonable doubt at least one of the above statutory aggravating factors with respect to that count, then your deliberations are over as to that capital count.
- If there is no capital count for which you unanimously find at least one statutory aggravating factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt, skip forward to Section VII and complete that section in accordance with the directions there. Then notify the Court that you have completed your deliberations.
- If you have found one or more statutory aggravating factors with regard to one or more capital counts, continue on to Section W.



SECTION IV. NON-STATUTORY AGGRAVATING FACTORS

General directions for Section IV:

- As used in this section, the term "capital count(s)" refers only to those counts for which you have found that the defendant was eighteen years of age or older at the time of the offense charged under the count in Section I, and at least one gateway factor in Section II, and at least one statutory aggravating factor in Section III. Do not consider non-statutory aggravating factors in this section with regard to the counts for which you have not found that the defendant was eighteen years of age or older at time of the oldense charged under the count in Section I, and at least one gateway factor in Section II.
- In this section, please indicate which, if any, of the following six (6) non-statutory aggravating factors you unanimously find the government has proven beyond a reasonable doubt. For each of the proposed factors, you must mark one of the responses provided.
- 1. In conjunction with conjuncting acts of violence and terrorism, Dzhokhar Tsarnaev made statements suggesting that others would be justified in committing additional acts of violence and terrorism against the United States. [Applies to all capital counts.]

We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to all of the applicable capital counts.

We do not unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to any of the applicable capital counts.

We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt only with regard to the following capital counts. Identify each count

by count number.

2.	 Dzhokhar Tsarnaev caused injury, harm and loss to: a. Krystle Marie Campbell and her family and friends [Only applies to capital counts 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 12, and 13]; b. Martin Richard and his family and friends [Only applies to capital counts 1, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 14, and 15]; c. Lingzi Lu and her family and friends [Only applies to capital counts 1, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 14, and 15]; and/or d. Officer Sean Collier and his family and friends [Only applies to capital counts 1, 6, 16, 17, and 18].
	We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to all of the applicable capital counts.
	We do not unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to any of the applicable capital counts.
	We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt only with regard to the following capital counts. Identify each count by count number.
3.	Dzhokhar Tsarnaev targefed the Boston Majathon, an iconic event that draws large crowds of men, women and children to its final stretch, making it especially susceptible to the act and affects of terrorism. [Only applies to capital counts 1-10 and 12-15.] We wing thously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable cloubt with regard to all of the applicable capital counts.
	We do not an animously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to any of the applicable capital counts.
	We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt only with regard to the following capital counts. <i>Identify each count by count number</i> .

4.	Dzhokhar Tsarnaev demonstrated a lack of remorse. [Applies to all capital counts.]
	We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to all of the applicable capital counts.
	We do not unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to <u>any</u> of the applicable capital counts.
	We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt only with regard to the following capital counts. <i>Identify each count by count number</i> .
5.	Dzhokhar Tsarnaev murdered Officer Sean Colliei, a law enforcement officer who was engaged in the performance of his official duties at the time of life death. [Only applies to capital counts 1, 6, 16, 17, and 18.]
	We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to all of the applicable capital counts.
	We do not unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to have of the applicable capital counts.
	We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt only with the gard tenthe following capital counts. Identify each count buscount number.
6.	Dzhokhar Tsannaev participated in additional uncharged crimes of violence including assault with a dangerous weapon, assault with intent to maim, mayhem and attempted murder: a. On April 15, 2013, in Boston, Massachusetts [Only applies to capital counts
	b. On or about April 19, 2013, in Watertown, Massachusetts [Applies to all capital counts].
	We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to all of the applicable capital counts.
	We do not unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt with regard to any of the applicable capital counts.

We unanimously find that this factor has been proved beyond a reasonable doubt only with regard to the following capital counts. <i>Identify each count by count number</i> .

• After you have completed your findings in this section (whether of the you have found any of the above non-statutory aggravating factors to have been proved), continue on to Section V.

SECTION V. MITIGATING FACTORS

General directions for Section V:

- As used in this section, the term "capital count(s)" refers only to those counts for which
 you have found that the defendant was eighteen years of age or older at the time of the
 offense charged under the count in Section I, and at least one gateway factor in Section II,
 and at least one statutory aggravating factor in Section III.
- As to the alleged mitigating factors listed below, please indicate which, if any, you find Dzhokhar Tsarnaev has proven by a preponderance of the exidence.
- Recall that your vote as a jury need not be unanimous with regard to each question in this section. A finding with respect to a mitigating factor may be made by one or more of the members of the jury, and any member of the jury who finds the existence of a mitigating factor may consider such a factor established in making his or her individual determination of whether of not a sentence of death shall be imposed, regardless of the number of other jurors who agree that the factor has been established.
- In the space provided, please indicate the number of jurors who have found the existence of that minigating factor to be proven by a preponderance of the evidence with regard to each of the capital counts.

1.	Dzhokhar Tsampev was 19 years old at the time of the offenses.
	Number of jurors who so find:
2.	Dzhokkar Tsarnaev had no prior history of violent behavior.
	Number of jurors who so find:
3.	Dzhokhar Tsarnaev acted under the influence of his older brother.
	Number of jurors who so find:

4.	Whether because of Tamerlan's age, size, aggressiveness, domineering personality, privileged status in the family, traditional authority as the eldest brother, or other reasons, Dzhokhar Tsarnaev was particularly susceptible to his older brother's influence.
	Number of jurors who so find:
5.	Dzhokhar Tsarnaev's brother Tamerlan planned, led, and directed the Marathon bombing.
	Number of jurors who so find:
6.	Dzhokhar Tsarnaev's brother Tamerlan was the person who shorand killed Officer Sean Collier.
	Number of jurors who so find:
7.	Dzhokhar Tsarnaev would not have committed the simes build or his older brother Tamerlan.
	Number of jurors who so find:
8.	Dzhokhar Tsarnaev's teachers in elementary school, middle school, and high school knew him to be hardworking, respectful, kind, and considerate.
9.	Number of jurors with so find: Dzhokhar Tsarnaev's friends in high school and college knew him to be thoughtful, caring, and respectful of the rights and feelings of others.
	Number of juries who so find:
10.	Dzhokhan Tsarnaev's teachers and friends still care for him.
4	Number of curors who so find:
11.	Dzhokhar sarnaev's aunts and cousins love and care for him.
	Number of jurors who so find:
12	. Mental illness and brain damage disabled Dzhokhar Tsarnaev's father.
	Number of jurors who so find:

13. Dzhokhar Tsarnaev was deprived of needed stability and guidance during his adolescence by his father's mental illness and brain damage.
Number of jurors who so find:
14. Dzhokhar Tsarnaev's father's illness and disability made Tamerlan the dominant male figure in Dzhokhar's life.
Number of jurors who so find:
15. Dzhokhar Tsarnaev was deprived of the stability and guidance he needed turing his adolescence due to his mother's emotional volatility and religious extremisms
Number of jurors who so find:
16. Dzhokhar Tsarnaev's mother facilitated his brother Tambelan's radicalization.
Number of jurors who so find:
17. Tamerlan Tsarnaev became radicalized first, and then encouraged his younger brother to follow him.
Number of jurors who so find:
18. Dzhokhar Tsarnaev's parents' return to Russia in 2012 made Tamerlan the dominant adult in Dzhokhar's life. Number of jurors who so find:
19. Dzhokhar Tsarna k is highly unlikely to commit, incite, or facilitate any acts of
violence in the future white serving a life-without-release sentence in federal custody.
Number of jurors who so find:
20 The government has the power to severely restrict Dzhokhar Tsarnaev's communications with the outside world.
Number of jurors who so find:
21. Dzhokhar Tsarnaev has expressed sorrow and remorse for what he did and for the suffering he caused.
Number of jurors who so find:

General directions for Section V, continued:

The law does not limit your consideration of mitigating factors to those that can be
articulated in advance. Therefore, you may consider during your deliberations any other
factor or factors in Dzhokhar Tsarnaev's background, record, character, or any other
circumstances of the offense that mitigate against imposition of a death sentence.

	circumstances of the offense that mitigate against imposition of a death sentence.
•	The following extra spaces are provided to write in additional mitigating factors, if any
	found by any one or more jurors.
•	If more space is needed, write "CONTINUED" and use discreveree side of this page.
22.	
	Number of jurors who so find:
23.	
	Number of jurous who so find:
24.	
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	Number of jurors who so find:
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	Number of jurors who so find:

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	Number of jurors who so find:
	Number of jurors who so find:
	Number of jurors who so find:

• After you have completed your findings in this section (whether or not you have found any mitigating distors in this section), continue on to Section VI.

SECTION VI. DETERMINATION OF SENTENCE

General directions for Section VI:

- As used in this section, the term "capital counts" refers only to those counts for which you found the defendant was eighteen years of age or older at the time of the offense charged in the count in Section I, and at least one gateway factor in Section II, and at least one statutory aggravating factor in Section III. You may not impose a sentence of death on a particular capital count unless you have first found with regard to that count, unanimously and beyond a reasonable doubt, the defendant was eighteen years of age or older at the time of the offense charged in the countlin Section II and at least one gateway factor in Section II, and at least one statutory aggravating tastor in Section III.
- In this section, enter your determination of Exhokling illsarmaev's sentence with regard to each of the capital counts.

Based upon consideration of whether the aggravating factor or factors found to exist for each count sufficiently outweigh the mitigating factor or factors found to exist for that count to justify a sentence of death, or, in the absence of a mitigating factor, whether the aggravating factor or factors alone are sufficient to justify a sentence of death:

We, the jury, manimously find, for <u>all</u> the capital counts, that the aggravating factor or factors found to exist sufficiently outweigh the nitigating factor or factors found to exist or, in the absence of any mitigating factors, that the aggravating factor or factors are alone sufficient—so that death is the appropriate sentence for Dzhokhar Isarnaev. We vote unanimously that Dzhokhar Tsarnaev shall be sentenced to death separately as to each count.

We, the jury, unanimously find that a sentence of life in prison without the possibility of release is the appropriate sentence for Dzhokhar Tsarnaev for all of the capital counts. We vote unanimously that Dzhokhar Tsarnaev shall be sentenced to life imprisonment without the possibility of release separately as to each count.

We, the jury, unanimously find, for <u>some</u> of the capital counts, that the aggravating factor or factors found to exist sufficiently outweigh the mitigating factor or factors found to exist or, in the absence of any

themse Dzhok	elves sufficient—so thar Tsarnaev with s only (identify each	that death is regard to e	the appropriate ach of the follo	sentence for
	regard to the above zhokhar Tsarnaev s			
the Co	upon our considera ourt's instructions, are unable to reac ace or in favor of a d	after making i h a unanimo	all measonable et us vendict in fa	forts, we, the evor of a life

• After you have completed your sentence determination in this section (regardless of what the determination was), continue on to Section VII.



SECTION VII. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DETERMINATION OF SENTENCE

Each juror must sign his or her name and juror number below, indicating that the above sentence determinations accurately reflect the jury's decisions:

Juror Signature	Number	Juror Signature	Number
Juror Signature	Number	Juror Signature	Number
Juror Signature	Number	Juror Signature	Number
Juror Signature	Number	Juror Signature	Number
Juror Signature	Number	Juror Signature	Number
Juror Signature	Number	Juror Signature (Sinteman)	Number
The foreman shall indica	te the date of signing:		
Date:			
Directions:			
After you have co	ompleted this section, co	ontinue on to Section VIII.	

SECTION VIII. CERTIFICATION

By signing your name below, each of you individually certifies that consideration of the race, color, religious beliefs, national origin, or the sex of Dzhokhar Tsarnaev or the victims was not involved in reaching your individual decision. Each of you further certifies that you, as an individual, would have made the same recommendation regarding a sentence for the crime or crimes in question regardless of the race, color, religious beliefs, national origin, or the sex of Dzhokhar Tsarnaev, or the victims.

Number	Juror Signature	Number
Number	Juror Signature	Number
Number	Juror Signature	Number
Number	Juror Signalum	Number
Number	Targe Signature	Number
Number	Juror aignature (Foreman)	Number
	Number Number Number	Number Juror Signature Number Juror Signature Number Juror Signature Number Juror Signature Juror Signature Number Juror Signature